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Abbreviations and Acronyms:

**DRL** = deep retinal layer; **FD** = fractal dimension; **OCT** = optical coherence tomography; **OCTA** = optical coherence tomography

angiography; **SRL** = superficial retinal layer; **VD** = vessel density; **VDI** = vessel diameter index; **VLD** = vessel length density.

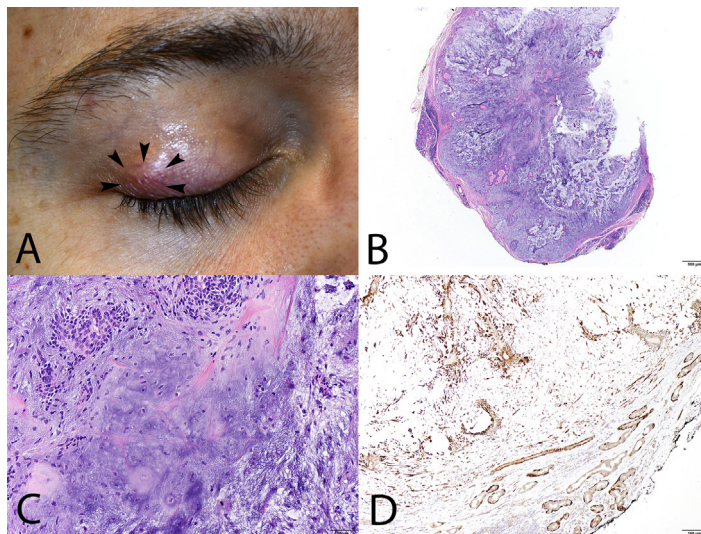
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## Pictures & Perspectives

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### Pleomorphic Adenoma of an Accessory Lacrimal Gland Masquerading as a Chalazion

A 39-year-old man presented with a chronic, painless, enlarging nodule of the right upper eyelid. Clinically, a chalazion was suspected. (A) Using a chalazion clamp, a standard cruciate incision was made in the superior aspect of the tarsus. An 8-mm, clear-to-white, bosselated nodule presented. (B, C) Histopathology revealed a lobular, non-encapsulated tumor with a prominently myxoid stroma, as well as small cords of bland-appearing, epithelial cells and small foci of cartilaginous differentiation. (D) Calponin immunostaining revealed intact myoepithelium surrounding these ductal glands. Pleomorphic adenomas can arise from the main or palpebral lacrimal gland, as well as the accessory lacrimal glands of Krause and Wolfring. The latter can mimic a chalazion. Complete surgical excision is recommended.

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