

Footnotes and Financial Disclosures

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¹ Sacrocuore Hospital, Verona, Italy.

² Department of Computer Science, University of Verona, Verona, Italy.

³ Department of Ophthalmology, Sant'Anna Institute, Brescia, Italy.

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Author Contributions:

Conception and design: Emilia Maggio, Grazia Pertile

Analysis and interpretation: Emilia Maggio, Antonio Polito, Massimo Guerriero, Barbara Parolini, Grazia Pertile

Data collection: Emilia Maggio, Antonio Polito, Guido Prigione

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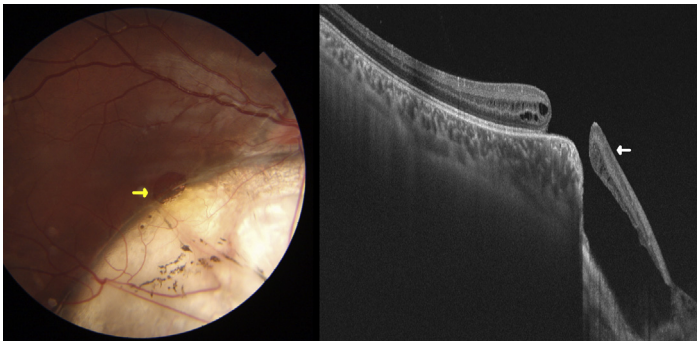
Abbreviations and Acronyms:

AMD = age-related macular degeneration; **AREDS** = Age-Related Eye Disease Study; **BCVA** = best-corrected visual acuity; **CNV** = choroidal neovascularization; **FA** = fluorescein angiography; **FU** = follow-up; **HRA** = Heidelberg Retina Angiograph; **ICG** = indocyanine green angiography; **OCT** = optical coherence tomography; **PCV** = polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; **PVD** = posterior vitreous detachment; **RAP** = retinal angiomatous proliferation; **RVMA** = release of vitreomacular adhesion; **SD** = standard deviation; **VMA** = vitreomacular adhesion; **VMT** = vitreomacular traction; **VPA** = vitreopapillary adhesion.

Correspondence:

Emilia Maggio, MD, Via Don Sempredoni, 5 - Negrar 37024, Verona, Italy.
E-mail: emi_maggio@yahoo.it.

Pictures & Perspectives



Pediatric Choroidal Coloboma with Macular Hole at the Edge of the Coloboma

A 10-year-old girl with best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) of 20/60 in the right eye. Right fundus showed type 3 choroidal coloboma (CC) with a full-thickness macular hole (MH) at its temporal edge, and left eye had type 1 CC (Ida Mann classification: type 1, coloboma extending above disc; type 2, superior border of disc; type 3, separated from lower border of disc by normal retina; type 4, inferior crescent below disc; type 5, isolated gap in the line of fissure; type 6, area of pigmentary disturbance; type 7, extreme peripheral coloboma). Swept-source optical coherence tomography shows MH with cystic changes in the retina overlying non-colobomatous area and a rudimentary intercalary membrane extending beyond the hole over the coloboma (Fig 1, the yellow arrow indicates the macular hole at the edge of the coloboma; and the white arrow indicates the intercalary membrane overlying the coloboma).

POOJA BANSAL, MD

ROHAN CHAWLA, MD

ANU SHARMA, MOptom

Department of Retina and Uvea, Dr. Rajendra Prasad Centre for Ophthalmic Sciences, All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS), New Delhi, India